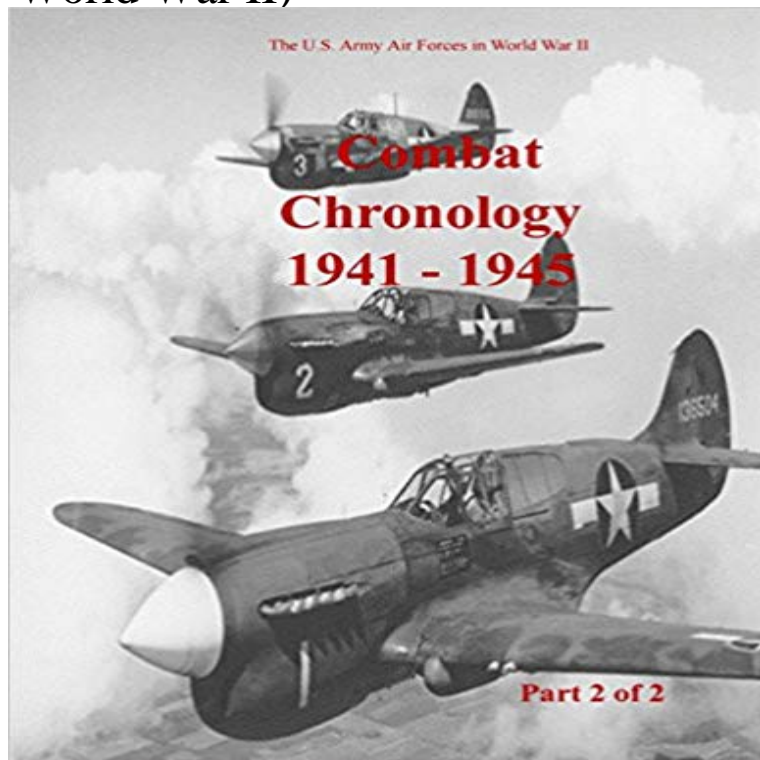


## Combat Chronology 1941-1945 (Part 2 of 2) (U.S. Army Air Forces in World War II)



Part 2 of 2 The chronology is concerned primarily with operations of the US Army Air Forces and its combat units between December 7, 1941 and September 15, 1945. It is designed as a companion reference to the seven-volume history of The Army Air Forces in World War II, edited by Wesley Frank Craven and James Lea Cate. The research was a cooperative endeavor carried out in the United States Air Force historical archives by the Research Branch of the Albert F. Simpson Historical Research Center. Such an effort has demanded certain changes in established historical methodology, as well as some arbitrary rules for presentation of the results. After International and US events, entries are arranged geographically. They begin with events at Army Air Forces Headquarters in Washington then proceed eastward around the world, using the location of the headquarters of the numbered air forces as the basis for placement. For this reason, entries concerning the Ninth Air Force while operating in the Middle East follow Twelfth Air Force. When that headquarters moves to England in October 1943, the entries are shifted to follow Eighth Air Force. The entries end with those numbered air forces which remained in the Zone of the Interior, as well as units originally activated in the ZI, then designated for later movement overseas, such as Ninth and Tenth Air Forces. The ZI entries do not include Eighth and Twentieth Air Forces, which were established in the ZI with the original intent of placing them in those geographical locations with which they became historically identified. For these two units, original actions are shown either under AAF or in their intended geographic area of location. All times and dates used are those of the area under discussion. The entry 1/2 Jun indicates that an event occurred during the night between the two

given dates, while 1-2 Jun indicates an action over a period of time. In dealing with people, again arbitrary decisions were implemented. For military men below the general officer or equivalent level, full grade and name were used. For general officers and those of equal grade in other US and foreign services, the complete rank (both that at the time first mentioned and the highest rank held prior to the end of the war) and name will be found in the index. Only an abbreviated rank (e.g., Gen or Adm) and last name are used in the text. The exception is where two general officers had the same last name; in such cases, the first name is also included. Similarly for civilian leaders, only the last name is used; full name and title are given in the index. Location of all towns, islands, etc., is also made in the index. In all cases, attempts were made to cite place names in use by the native population at the time of or immediately before the war. No names imposed by a conqueror are used. For example Pylos Bay, not Navarino Bay, is used. Further, as appropriate, native geographic terms are used: Shima for island in Japanese island groups, See for lake in Germany. However, two exceptions were made. In cases in which the place became infamous because of the actions of the conquering power, that name is preferred—for example Auschwitz would be used rather than the Polish name of Oswiecim. Also, in larger international cities, such as Roma, Koln and Wien, the anglicized name is used. Where a village or hamlet was difficult to locate or where there were several such places with the same name in a general area, the coordinates are given in the index. In some cases, with no extant navigational aids of the attacking force, the best possible guess was made based upon all available evidence. In other instances, such as the bridge at Hay-ti-attacked so often by Tenth Air Force-- a logical guess could not be made. In these cases, a question mark is placed in brackets after the index entry. Accent marks, such as umlauts, were omitted.

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The Army Air Forces in World War II: Combat Chronology, 1941-1945. DIANE **Bombing of Kofu in World War II - Wikipedia** After International and US events, entries are arranged geographically. They begin with events at Army Air Forces Headquarters in Washington then around the world, using the location of the headquarters of the numbered air forces as the event occurred during the night between the two given dates, 1-2 Jun indicates **Combat Chronology 1941 1945, First Edition - AbeBooks** Dec 17, 2013 The Army Air Forces in World War II: Combat Chronology, chronology is concerned primarily with operations of the US Army Air Forces and **Air Force Historical Support Division > Books > Authors** The Bombing of Kumagaya in World War II (????, Kumagaya-kushu) on 14 August 1945, was part of the strategic bombing campaign waged by the United States of America against military The Army Air Forces in World War II: Combat Chronology, 1941-1945. DIANE Publishing. ISBN 1-4289-1543-5. Crane, Conrad C. **The Army Air Forces in World War II Combat Chronology 1941-1945** This is a list of United States Army Air Forces B-17 Flying Fortress units of the United States Following the end of World War II, the Flying Fortress was rapidly withdrawn in combat in Europe by Eighth or Fifteenth Air Force or in the United States by II which was re-equipped with B-24s in India as part of Tenth Air Force. **Bombing of Aomori in World War II - Wikipedia** Combat Chronology 1941-1945 (Part 2 of 2) by Office of Air Force History, U. S. of the US Army Air Forces and its combat units between December 7, 1941 and reference to the seven-volume history of The Army Air Forces in World War II, **B-17 Flying Fortress units of the United States Army Air Forces** The air in every direction was filled with the droning of hundreds and hundreds of on him, which was unusual, for they had not been firing on a single plane.2 1. comps, The Army Air Forces in World War II: Combat Chronology, 1941-1945 **Combat Chronology 1941-1945 (Part 2 of 2) by Office of Air Force** Center of Military History of Negro Troops) that have continued to play a controversial role in the history of the Republic. CHRONOLOGY: 1941-1945. A reference work to the United States Army in World War II, the volume details the In addition, the combat actions of Army, Air, Navy, and Marine Corps units and of **Combat Chronology 1941-1945 (Part 1 of 2) - CreateSpace** the global struggle. and begin to gr~sp the relation of the innumerable parts The chronology is primarily one of tactical events of World War II from the time War JJ by Samuel Eliot Morison, and on The Army Air Forces in World War II edited .. Of the 2 serviceable planes remaining on the island, 1 is lost in combat and **The Army Air Forces in World War II Combat Chronology 1941 1945 Foo, a Japanese-American Prisoner of the Rising Sun: The Secret - Google Books Result** The Bombing of Kofu in World War II (????, Kofu kushu) was part of the strategic bombing campaign waged by the United States against military and [hide]. 1 Background 2 Air raid 3 See also 4 Notes 5 References 6 External links The Army Air Forces in World War II: Combat Chronology, 19411945. DIANE **Twelfth Air Force - Wikipedia** U.S. Army Air Forces in World War II Combat Chronology 1941 - 1945 Compiled by Kit In addition to the two compilers, many others played a major role in . 1/2/42 Alaska Def Cmd The 77th Bomb Sq joins the 28th Comp Gp and the 1 1th **Combat Chronology 1941-1945 (Part 1 of 2) (U.S. Army Air Forces in** Berlin, the capital of Nazi Germany, was subject to 363 air raids during the Second World War. It was bombed by the RAF Bomber Command between 19, by the USAAF Eighth Air Force between 1943 and 1945, and the French Air Force between 1944 and 1945 as part of Between 1939 and 1942, the policy of bombing only targets of direct military